

Study title: Effects of parental care on the magnitude of inbreeding depression: a meta-analysis in fishes

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Study summary: This study is a meta-analysis testing whether variation in the magnitude of inbreeding depression is related to among-species differences in parental care in fishes. We synthesised 536 effect sizes across 56 studies and 18 species, spanning 47 years of research.

Author contributions: CP carried out the majority of the data extraction and code writing with guidance from NP.

Versions of packages and software used:

```
> sessionInfo()
R version 4.3.1 (2023-06-16 ucrt)
Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
Running under: Windows 11 x64 (build 22621)
```

Matrix products: default

attached base packages:

```
[1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base
```

other attached packages:

```
[1] metameta_0.2 MCMCglmm_2.35 coda_0.19-4 orchaRd_2.0
[5] emmeans_1.8.8 R.rsp_0.45.0 patchwork_1.1.3 lubridate_1.9.2
[9] forcats_1.0.0 stringr_1.5.0 dplyr_1.1.2 purrr_1.0.2
[13] readr_2.1.4 tidyr_1.3.0 tibble_3.2.1 tidyverse_2.0.0
[17] devtools_2.4.5 usethis_2.2.2 lme4_1.1-34 ape_5.7-1
[21] rotl_3.1.0 ggplot2_3.4.3 metafor_4.2-0 numDeriv_2016.8-1.1
[25] metadat_1.2-0 Matrix_1.5-4.1
```

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

```
[1] remotes_2.4.2.1 rlang_1.1.1 magrittr_2.0.3 compiler_4.3.1
[5] callr_3.7.3 vctrs_0.6.3 profvis_0.3.8 pkgconfig_2.0.3
[9] crayon_1.5.2 fastmap_1.1.1 ellipsis_0.3.2 labeling_0.4.2
[13] utf8_1.2.3 promises_1.2.1 sessioninfo_1.2.2 tzdb_0.4.0
[17] ggbeeswarm_0.7.2 ps_1.7.5 nloptr_2.0.3 cachem_1.0.8
[21] jsonlite_1.8.7 progress_1.2.2 later_1.3.1 parallel_4.3.1
[25] prettyunits_1.1.1 R6_2.5.1 stringi_1.7.12 boot_1.3-28.1
[29] pkgload_1.3.2.1 estimability_1.4.1 Rcpp_1.0.11 pacman_0.5.1
[33] R.utils_2.12.2 httpuv_1.6.11 rentrez_1.2.3 splines_4.3.1
[37] R.cache_0.16.0 timechange_0.2.0 tidyselect_1.2.0 rstudioapi_0.15.0
[41] miniUI_0.1.1.1 curl_5.0.2 processx_3.8.2 pkgbuild_1.4.2
[45] lattice_0.21-8 shiny_1.7.5 withr_2.5.0 desc_1.4.2
[49] urlchecker_1.0.1 pillar_1.9.0 tensorA_0.36.2 generics_0.1.3
[53] rprojroot_2.0.3 mathjaxr_1.6-0 hms_1.1.3 munsell_0.5.0
[57] scales_1.2.1 minqa_1.2.5 xtable_1.8-4 rnc1_0.8.7
```

[61] glue_1.6.2 cubature_2.1.0 tools_4.3.1 fs_1.6.3
[65] mvtnorm_1.2-3 XML_3.99-0.14 grid_4.3.1 colorspace_2.1-0
[69] nlme_3.1-162 beeswarm_0.4.0 vipor_0.4.5 latex2exp_0.9.6
[73] cli_3.6.1 fansi_1.0.4 corpcor_1.6.10 gtable_0.3.4
[77] R.methodsS3_1.8.2 digest_0.6.33 farver_2.1.1 htmlwidgets_1.6.2
[81] memoise_2.0.1 htmltools_0.5.6 R.oo_1.25.0 lifecycle_1.0.3
[85] httr_1.4.7 mime_0.12 MASS_7.3-60

Information about spreadsheet: Each row represents one effect size. Descriptions for each column heading are provided below.

Paper_ID = numerical ID assigned to each paper included in the dataset

Dvar_ID = unique ID for each individual effect size

First author = first author of the paper from which data were extracted

Year = paper publication year

Study = study identifier, by combining the first author and publication year columns

Genus = genus

Species = species

GENUS_SPECIES and GENUS_SPECIES_corr = combined genus and species columns

Study setting = describes whether the study was conducted in the lab, field, or under semi-natural conditions

F-value = inbreeding coefficient F

Care provided = describes whether offspring received some type of parental care in the study or not

Sex providing care = describes whether offspring received care from the male parent, female parent, or neither parent

Timing of care = describes whether there was prehatching, posthatching, or no care provided

Focal sex = sex of animals that inbreeding depression was measured for

Fitness parameter = type of fitness trait that inbreeding depression was measured for

Stress = provides information on whether inbreeding depression was measured under stressful or benign conditions

Life stage = describes whether inbreeding depression was measured at an early life stage or in adulthood

Shared control = provides information on any shared control treatments across different effect sizes

Hedges g = standardised mean differences (Hedges' g effect size)

Hedges g var = variance in the Hedges' g effect size

N total = total sample size for each effect size

Data_source = source of raw data used to calculate effect sizes (e.g. Table 1, Figure 2)

N_outbred = sample size for outbred individuals

Mean_outbred = mean value of fitness trait for outbred individuals

SD_outbred = standard deviation of fitness trait for outbred individuals

N_inbred = sample size for inbred individuals

Mean_inbred = mean value of fitness for inbred individuals

SD_inbred = standard deviation of fitness trait for inbred individuals

In cases where there were no means/SD provided for a fitness trait, we extracted test statistics and then converted these to Hedges' g effect sizes using the appropriate formulas.

Test = type of test statistic (e.g. chi-square, t-test)

Statistic = value of the test statistic